Celebrated Architect Who Pioneered Loft Living and the Preservation Movement to Present Highlights of His Unconventional Career at Landmark Recognition Program Reception

*At the right place at the right time*

COS COB, April 17, 2019 – His 50-year career at the vanguard of architectural trends spanning the 20th and 21st centuries and his uncanny ability to foresee living styles before most of his peers brought him worldwide renown. Joseph Pell Lombardi will provide highlights of his dazzling portfolio in worldwide historic preservation in his keynote address: *Cabins, Houses, Lofts, Skyscrapers & Castles* at the Greenwich Historical Society’s Landmarks Recognition Program reception on April 28.

At the right place at the right time for making his mark:

• In the 60s, the bold, modernist trend was in full swing, but Lombardi was more interested in historic preservation and old buildings. Considered an odd ball and even heretic by industry peers, he was an early proponent of the historic preservation movement, now recognized as course study at major universities.

• In the 70s, he pioneered loft conversions of commercial buildings in lower Manhattan. When South of Houston St. wasn’t fashionable, Lombardi had the vision to convert fading, yet magnificent commercial buildings—true architectural treasures—to prized living and retail spaces that led to a budding art scene and the newly stylish SoHo, Tribeca and Flatiron districts. Lombardi has completed some 150 loft conversions and he was the first to convert a skyscraper – New York’s iconic Liberty Tower—into residential spaces, a trend that is accelerating with new technologies that enable more flexible ways of working.

“Joe Lombardi’s passion for preserving historic properties is especially close to our mission and hearts,” says Greenwich Historical Society Executive Director and CEO Debra Mecky. “His insights into the art and joy of preservation through his exquisite body of work will be especially meaningful as we kick off Greenwich Preservation Month: This Place Matters in May.”

Lombardi will showcase the National Historic Landmark Armour-Stiner (Octagon) House in Irvington-on-Hudson, N.Y., one of the most visually unique homes in the world and the only one known to be built in the form of an ancient Classical temple; and the Chateau du Sailhant, a dramatically situated thousand-year-old French château-fort, which recently completed a 10-year restoration.

The Landmarks Recognition Program is an annual initiative that recognizes historic properties for their design excellence and value in preserving Greenwich’s unique architectural heritage. Plaques will be given to four properties and Preservation Leadership Awards will be presented to
Martin and Anna Waters and the Greenwich Point Conservancy for the restoration and adaptive use of the Feake-Ferris House, noted as the oldest house in Greenwich and one of the oldest in America.

The reception on Sunday, April 28th will be at Greenwich Country Club, 19 Doubling Rd., Greenwich, from 4:00 to 6:00 pm. A champagne reception will precede the formal program. Tickets are $75 per person; $250 for Patron level; $500 for Benefactor level. Reservations are required. Reserve at: www.greenwichhistory.org or call 203/869-6899, ext. 10.

The Historical Society is grateful for the support and leadership of Landmarks Recognition program committee, including Chairman Robin Kencel, John Dixon, Nils Kerschus, Rose Scott Long and Amanda Martoccio. Ex officio Selection Committee members include Debra Mecky and Christopher Shields, the Historical Society’s Curator of Library and Archives. Trisha Estill contributed the photography unless otherwise noted.

The program is generously supported by Charles Hilton Architects, David Ogilvy & Associates and Fairfield County Look.

Media Contact:
Laura McCormick, McCormick PR, 203.364.6357, laura@mccormickpr.com

About the Greenwich Historical Society
Greenwich Historical Society was founded in 1931 to preserve and interpret Greenwich history to strengthen the community’s connection to our past, to each other and to the future. The circa 1730 National Historic Landmark Bush-Holley House survived the American Revolution and became the site of Connecticut’s first American Impressionist art colony from 1890 to 1920. Its landscape and gardens are restored based on documentation from the site’s Impressionist era. The campus also includes a nationally accredited museum, library and archives, a museum store, café, and a community education center. Greenwich Historical Society educates thousands of school children annually and connects visitors to the history of this globally influential community through exhibitions, lectures, programs, and events. It receives no town funding and relies on donations and grants to continue its work in education and preservation. Learn more at greenwichhistory.org.